

**Consumer Price Index (CPI) Conversion Factors to Convert to 2010 Dollars  
Using the CPI-U-X1 series, which applies the post-1982 CPI to 1950-1982  
(should be used when exact comparisons are needed between years during the period starting 1950)**

To convert dollars of a year to 2010 dollars, DIVIDE the dollar amount of that year by the conversion factor (CF) for that year  
For example, \$1000 dollars of 1953 = \$7519 dollars of 2010 (\$1000 / 0.133).  
It is recommended that numbers be rounded to no more than three significant digits, so \$7519 becomes \$7520.

**Note:** To reverse the process, that is, to determine what a 2010-dollar figure would be in the dollars of another year, simply multiply the 2010 figure by the conversion factor of that year. For example, \$1000 2010 dollars would be about \$132 in 1952 (\$1000 x 0.132 = 132).

**Note:** If all years to be converted are after 1982, use either CPI-U-X1 or CPI-U, which are the same starting 1983.

Year	CF	Year	CF	Year	CF	Year	CF	Year	CF	Year	CF
1950	0.120	1962	0.153	1975	0.258	1987	0.521	2000	0.790	2013	1.048
1951	0.130	1963	0.155	1976	0.272	1988	0.543	2001	0.812	2014	1.068
1952	0.132	1964	0.157	1977	0.290	1989	0.569	2002	0.825	2015	1.090
1953	0.133	1965	0.161	1978	0.310	1990	0.599	2003	0.844	2016	1.113
1954	0.134	1966	0.166	1979	0.339	1991	0.625	2004	0.866	2017	1.138
1955	0.133	1967	0.173	1980	0.377	1992	0.643	2005	0.896	2018	1.163
1956	0.136	1968	0.181	1981	0.413	1993	0.663	2006	0.925	2019	1.189
1957	0.140	1969	0.189	1982	0.438	1994	0.680	2007	0.951	2020	1.215
1958	0.144	1970	0.198	CPI-U = CPI-U-X1		1995	0.699	2008	0.987	2021	1.242
1959	0.145	1971	0.204	1983	0.457	1996	0.720	2009	0.984		
1960	0.148	1972	0.216	1984	0.476	1997	0.736	2010	1.000		
1961	0.149	1973	0.216	1985	0.493	1998	0.748	2011	1.014		
1962	0.150	1974	0.238	1986	0.503	1999	0.764	2012	1.030		

Revised June 28, 2011, using final 2010 CPI (CPI = 2.18056) and OMB and CBO inflation estimates for 2011-2021 as of January-February 2011. For inflation assumptions for 2011 and later years, see the shaded box below.

CPI is CPI-U-X1, which applies the post-1982 CPI methods to the period 1950 to 1982.  
By definition, CPI-U-X1 equals CPI-U starting in 1983, so the conversion factors are the same.

**Inflation assumptions:** Inflation conversion factors for 2011 and later years assume 1.45% in 2011, 1.55% in 2012, 1.75% in 2013, 1.90% in 2014, 2.05% in 2015, 2.15% in 2016, 2.25% in 2017, and 2.20% in 2018-2021. These are averages of OMB and CBO inflation estimates as of January-February 2011.

The 1983 changes reduced the inflation rate by changing the way costs of home ownership are measured.  
For reference, the following lists yearly inflation rate 1970 to 1985 using the CPI and the CPI-U-X1 series, which applies the 1983 measure to the period 1950 to 1982.

	CPI		CPI-U-X1		Difference (CPI minus X1)	
	CPI	CPI-U-X1	Inflation	X1 Inflation		
1970	38.8	41.3	5.7	4.8	0.9	
1971	40.5	43.1	4.4	4.4	0.0	
1972	41.8	44.4	3.2	3.0	0.2	
1973	44.4	47.2	6.2	6.3	-0.1	
1974	49.3	51.9	11.0	10.0	1.0	
1975	53.8	56.2	9.1	8.3	0.8	
1976	56.9	59.4	5.8	5.7	0.1	
1977	60.6	63.2	6.5	6.4	0.1	
1978	65.2	67.5	7.6	6.8	0.8	
1979	72.6	74.0	11.3	9.6	1.7	
1980	82.4	82.3	13.5	11.2	2.3	
1981	90.9	90.1	10.3	9.5	0.8	
1982	96.5	95.6	6.2	6.1	0.0	
1983	99.6	99.6	3.2	4.2	-1.0	

Starting 1983, CPI = CPI-U-X1, but comparing changes between 1982 and 1983 price levels in CPI and CPI-U-X1 results in different rates of inflation for 1983.

CF denominated in years 1995 to estimated 2011 in Excel and pdf formats for years 1774 to estimated 2021 are available at the online address indicated below.

Prior to the 2008 revision, a different data base was used for the period starting 1665 and ending 1913. See the main inflation conversion factor page for details.

The address of the inflation conversion factor web page is: <http://oregonstate.edu/cla/polisci/faculty-research/sahr/sahr.htm>.